

## DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY PERMIT

Permittee: Orsted Wind Power North America, LLC

Permit No.: NAP-2017-00135-84

Permit Name: Orsted Wind Power North America LLC - Ocean Wind 1

### Issuing Office

Department of the Army  
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Philadelphia District  
1650 Arch Street  
Philadelphia, PA 19103-2004

**NOTE:** The term "you" and its derivatives, as used in this permit, means the permittee or any future transferee. The term "this office" refers to the appropriate district or division office of the Corps of Engineers having jurisdiction over the permitted activity or the appropriate official of that office acting under the authority of the commanding officer.

You are authorized to perform work in accordance with the terms and conditions specified below.

**Project Description:** The proposed Project includes up to 98 wind turbine generators supported by steel monopiles (WTG) connected by up to 170 kilovolt array cabling to a maximum of 3 offshore alternating current substations (OSS) supported by steel monopiles linked by up to 275 kilovolt interconnector cable(s). Monopile foundations would be approximately 36 feet in diameter and surrounded by scour protection approximately 183 feet in diameter for a total permanent footprint of 61 acres, of which 2.3601 acres occupied by the structures is regulated, on the OCS. 142.7 miles of array cabling would occupy 18.742 acres with 331 acres of temporary disturbance anticipated for installation within the seabed on the OCS of Atlantic Ocean federal waters. Generated energy is proposed to be transmitted to grid connections using buried 275 kilovolt export cables, two for connection in Lacey Township and one for connection at BL England, to proposed terrestrial alternating current substations. Substations would occupy 11 acres in Lacey Township and 12 acres at BL England, before reaching interconnection with existing transmission lines at the above noted locations of which 1.521 acres would be permanent impacts to wetlands. Cable installation exiting the western shore of Barnegat Bay would have 0.001 acres of permanent impact to tidal wetlands. Temporary staging and access for construction of terrestrial substations would require approximately 2 additional acres of temporary impact. In total, a

maximum of 147 miles of export cable are required, occupying 19.31 acres. Cable sited in the Atlantic Ocean or Barnegat Bay would be installed beneath at least four feet of seabed except where crossing features requiring greater burial depth, where intersecting existing cables, where substrate material is unstable, or where risk assessment determines that additional protection is warranted. Up to 10 percent of the cable is anticipated to be unable to meet the target depth of 4 feet, totaling up to 86 acres of permanent cable protection for export cables and 77 acres for array cabling consisting mainly of crushed stone, with a possible veneer of rounded stone, or articulated concrete mattresses. Regulated cable protection constitutes a maximum of 15.403 acres. Up to six passive acoustic monitoring devices, each consisting of floats, hydrophones, recorders, and anchoring weights attached via chains, would be installed at up to 10 specified locations to aid in avoiding noise related harm to protected marine life. To access Barnegat Bay with cable installation equipment, the Oyster Creek federal navigation channel will require removal of approximately 18,030 cubic yards of material to achieve authorized dimensions of 200 feet wide by 8 feet deep. This dredging will only occur if the scheduled maintenance of the channel is not accomplished or does not achieve authorized dimensions required for equipment access. Any dredging will be coordinated closely with federal and non-federal navigation project sponsors. Disposal of dredged material would be accomplished at the Claremont Dredge Material Processing Facility, which may involve a discharge depending on the method of dredging and water content of the material, which has sufficient capacity available.

All work is to be completed in accordance with the permitted plan(s) (see Special Condition 1).

**Project Location:** The proposed Ocean Wind 1 Offshore Wind Farm (Project) installation spans a leased portion of the outer continental shelf in the Atlantic Ocean, designated OCS-A0498 by the Bureau of Ocean Energy Management, with export cable corridors (ECC) intersecting the shore of New Jersey in Ocean City and at Island Beach State Park (IBSP). The ECC landing at IBSP continues across Barnegat Bay into Lacey Township, crossing Oyster Creek in the vicinity of US9 (N Main Street), for connection to the electrical transmission grid through a specialized substation. The ECC landing in Ocean City continues through Upper Township, crossing Crook Horn Creek in the vicinity of the Roosevelt Boulevard Bridge, to the decommissioned BL England generation facility for connection to the electrical transmission grid through a specialized substation.

## **Permit Conditions:**

### **General Conditions:**

1. The time limit for completing the work authorized ends on **December 31, 2028**. If you find that you need more time to complete the authorized activity, submit your request for a time extension to this office for consideration at least one month before the above date is reached.

2. You must maintain the activity authorized by this permit in good condition and in conformance with the terms and conditions of this permit. You are not relieved of this requirement if you abandon the permitted activity, although you may make a good faith transfer to a third party in compliance with General Condition 4 below. Should you wish to cease to maintain the authorized activity or should you desire to abandon it without a good faith transfer, you must obtain a modification of this permit from this office, which may require restoration of the area.

3. If you discover any previously unknown historic or archeological remains while accomplishing the activity authorized by this permit, you must immediately notify this office of what you have found. We will initiate the Federal and State coordination required to determine if the remains warrant a recovery effort or if the site is eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places.

4. If you sell the property associated with this permit, you must obtain the signature of the new owner in the space provided and forward a copy of the permit to this office to validate the transfer of this authorization.

5. If a conditioned water quality certification and/or conditioned coastal zone management consistency determination has been issued for your project, you must comply with conditions specified in the certification as special conditions to this permit.

6. You must allow representatives from this office to inspect the authorized activity at any time deemed necessary to ensure that it is being or has been accomplished in accordance with the terms and conditions of your permit.

### **Special Conditions:**

1. All work shall be completed in accordance with the attached project plan(s) identified as "Ocean Wind 1 An Orsted & PSEG project", prepared by HDR Engineering Inc., dated 3/23/2023, revision A, sheets 1 through 22 of 22; "Ocean Wind Offshore Wind Project Upper Township Cape May County, New Jersey", prepared by E2 Project Management LLC, dated 7/20/2022, last revised 1/25/2023, sheets 1 through 24 of 24; "Ocean Wind Offshore Wind Project Oyster Creek Location Lacey Township, NJ 0875",

prepared by E2 Project Management LLC, dated 4/27/22, last revised 1/25/2023, sheets 1 through 22 of 22; "Ocean Wind 1 An Orsted & PSEG Project", prepared by J.D. Hair & Associates Inc., dated 1/17/2023, last revised 8/11/2023, drawing 08123866; "Ocean Wind An Orsted & PSEG Project", prepared by HDR Engineering Inc., dated 01/04/2023, sheets 2 through 8 of 10. These plans are hereby made part of this permit.

2. Construction activities shall not result in the disturbance or alteration of greater than 60.3541 acres of permanent impact and temporary impact to 94.8300 acres of waters of the United States.

3. Any deviation in construction methodology or project design from that shown on the above noted drawings must be approved by this office, in writing, prior to performance of the work. All modifications to the above noted project plans shall be approved, in writing, by this office. No work shall be performed prior to written approval of this office.

4. This office shall be notified at least 10 days prior to the commencement of authorized work by completing and signing the enclosed "Notification of Commencement Form"; and this office shall be notified within 10 days of the completion of the authorized work by completing and signing the enclosed "Notification of Completion Form".

5. The permittee understands and agrees that, if future operations by the United States require the removal, relocation, or other alteration, of the structure or work herein authorized, or if, in the opinion of the Secretary of the Army or his authorized representative, said structure or work shall cause unreasonable obstruction to the free navigation of the navigable waters, the permittee will be required, upon due notice from the Corps of Engineers, to remove, relocate, or alter the structural work or obstructions caused thereby, without expense to the United States. No claim shall be made against the United States on account of any such removal or alteration.

6. This Department of the Army (DA) permit does not authorize you to take an endangered species. In order to legally take a listed species, you must have separate authorization under the Endangered Species Act (ESA) (e.g., an ESA Section 10 permit, or a Biological Opinion (BO) under ESA Section 7, with "incidental take" provisions with which you must comply). The United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) BO, entitled "Biological Opinion on the Effects of the Ocean Wind 1 Wind Energy Project, Offshore Atlantic County, New Jersey on Three Federally Listed Species", prepared by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, and dated May 2023, contains mandatory terms and conditions to implement the reasonable and prudent measures that are associated with "incidental take" that is also specified in the BO. Your authorization under this DA permit is conditional upon your compliance with all of the mandatory terms and conditions associated with the incidental take statement of the

attached BO, which terms and conditions are incorporated by reference in this permit. Failure to comply with the terms and conditions associated with the incidental take statement of the BO, where a take of the listed species occurs, would constitute an unauthorized take, and it would also constitute noncompliance with your DA permit. The USFWS is the appropriate authority to determine compliance with the terms and conditions of its BO, and with the ESA.

7. This DA permit does not authorize you to take an endangered species. In order to legally take a listed species, you must have separate authorization under the ESA (e.g., an ESA Section 10 permit, or a BO under ESA Section 7, with "incidental take" provisions with which you must comply). The National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS) BO, entitled "National Marine Fisheries Service Endangered Species Act Section 7 Consultation Biological Opinion", prepared by the National Marine Fisheries Service, and dated April 3, 2023, contains mandatory terms and conditions, including specified provisions of any incidental take authorization pursuant to the Marine Mammal Protection Act, to implement the reasonable and prudent measures that are associated with "incidental take" that is also specified in the BO. Your authorization under this DA permit is conditional upon your compliance with all of the mandatory terms and conditions associated with the incidental take statement of the attached BO, which terms and conditions are incorporated by reference in this permit. Failure to comply with the terms and conditions associated with the incidental take statement of the BO, where a take of the listed species occurs, would constitute an unauthorized take, and it would also constitute noncompliance with your DA permit. The NMFS is the appropriate authority to determine compliance with the terms and conditions of its BO, and with the ESA.

8. With regard to essential fish habitat species and complexes, in accordance with the recommendations of the NMFS, the permittee shall:

A. In order to minimize permanent adverse impacts from the elimination/conversion of existing habitats from scour protection, the permittee shall:

a. Avoid and minimize the use of scour protection by fully burying cables (this can be done by siting cables in appropriate substrates) and using the minimum amount of scour protection to accomplish the purpose/intent of the scour protection.

b. Avoid the use/placement of engineered stone (e.g., riprap; cut, crushed, or graded stone; etc.) or concrete mattresses within complex habitats (e.g., hardbottom substrate, hardbottom substrate with epifauna or macroalgae, and vegetated habitats) or the sand ridge and trough complex area. If the use of engineered stone or concrete mattresses is required within these areas, the impact should be mitigated through the addition of a natural, rounded stone veneer. At a minimum, the exposed surface layer shall be designed and selected to provide three-dimensional structural complexity that creates a diversity of crevice sizes.

c. Develop a scour and cable protection plan for all complex habitat areas. At minimum, the plan shall include: 1) a clear depiction of the location and extent of proposed scour

or cable protection within complex habitat; 2) all available habitat information for each identified area (e.g., plan view imagery, video transects); and 3) detailed information on the proposed scour or cable protection materials for each area.

d. The scour and cable protection plan, addressing any issues with feasibility of the above, shall be submitted to BOEM, BSEE, NMFS and this office for review and comment (including comments that may change the plan and on-the-ground activities) at least 120 days prior to in-water work involving cable protection.

B. For boulder/cobble removal/relocation activities, boulders and cobble shall be moved as close to the impact area as practicable in areas immediately adjacent to existing similar complex bottom and placed in a manner that does not hinder navigation or impede commercial fishing and avoids impacts to existing complex habitats.

a. In order to minimize impacts to complex habitats, boulders that will be relocated using boulder “pick” methods shall be relocated outside the area necessary to clear and placed along the edge of existing complex habitats such that the placement of the relocated boulders will result in a marginal expansion of complex habitats into soft-bottom habitats (i.e., boulders should be placed outside the relocation area and in an area of low multibeam backscatter return immediately adjacent to medium or high return areas) and reduce risk to navigation and fishing operations in the area.

b. A boulder relocation plan, as a component of the Micrositing Plan, shall be developed that identifies where boulders will be removed from and where they will be placed. Consult with resource agencies and the fishing industry in preparation of the boulder relocation plan. The plan shall identify all areas where a boulder plow will be used during site-preparation. At a minimum, the plan shall include: 1) a clear depiction (i.e., figures) of the location of boulder relocation activities specified by activity type (e.g., pick or plow, removal or placement) and overlaid on multibeam acoustic backscatter data; 2) a detailed methodology for each type of boulder relocation activity and technical feasibility constraints; 3) any proposed measures to minimize impacts to attached epifaunal assemblages on boulder surfaces; 4) measures taken to avoid further adverse impacts to complex habitat and fishing operations; and 5) a summary of any consultation with resources agencies and the fishing industry in development of the plan.

c. The boulder relocation plan shall be submitted to BOEM, NMFS, and this office for review and comment (including comments that may change the plan and on-the-ground activities) at least 120 days prior to in-water work.

d. A communication plan identifying the locations of relocated boulders and any cable protection measures (i.e., concrete mattresses) shall be developed to help inform marine users, including, but not limited to the fishing industry and entities conducting scientific surveys, of potential gear obstructions.

C. In all nearshore areas where seafloor preparation activities will occur, benthic feature removal/clearance (i.e., sand wave clearance) via dredging, plowing, use of mass flow excavators, or other methods should be avoided through micrositing wind turbine generators and re-routing cables. Where plows, jets, grapnel runs or other similar methods are used, post-construction surveys capable of detecting bathymetry changes of 0.5 ft. or less should be completed to determine the height and width of any created

berms. In any area where the berm height exceeds three feet above the existing grade, the created berm shall be restored to match that of the existing grade/pre-construction conditions.

D. The EFH consultation shall be reinitiated prior to decommissioning turbines to ensure that the impact to EFH as a result of the decommissioning activities have been fully evaluated and minimized to the extent practicable.

E. The permittee shall implement the Inadvertent Return Plan and provide a copy to NMFS at least 60 days prior to construction.

F. Dredging, plowing, or other extractive or turbidity/sediment-generating activities shall be avoided in Barnegat Bay/estuarine areas from January 1 to May 31 of any given year to avoid and minimize impacts to EFH for winter flounder early life stages (eggs, larvae) unless a specific variance is authorized.

G. In all inshore/estuarine areas (i.e., Barnegat Bay, Great Egg Harbor Bay) where seafloor preparation and cable installation activities will occur, impacts to SAV, shellfish beds, and benthic features shall be avoided and minimized through the use of horizontal directional drilling (HDD), micrositing and re-rerouting, to the maximum extent practicable.

a. Pre-construction surveys to determine bathymetry, contours, and sediment types; and post-construction surveys shall be conducted to verify restoration has occurred. Survey results shall be provided to NMFS and this office.

H. All vessels shall float or remain suspended at all stages of the tide so that the hull does not rest on habitat, scour, or suspend bottom sediments.

I. Where cable installation requires cutting trenches, excavated material shall not be side casted and shall be placed in the receiving container for storage in accordance with the water quality certification issued for the Project. Trenched areas shall be restored to pre-construction or otherwise specified conditions with stored excavated material and/or clean, compatible material.

J. To the maximum extent practicable, avoid cable installation, dredging or other construction activities in submerged aquatic vegetation (SAV), particularly in Barnegat Bay, specifically:

a. Barges shall only be moored in SAV or SAV habitat as depicted on approved plans. Maps derived from updated surveys should be provided to vessels/captains to ensure SAV is avoided;

b. Dredging, plowing, or other extractive or turbidity/sediment-generating activities shall be avoided during the growing season (April 15 to October 15) of any given year to avoid and minimize impacts to SAV unless a specific variance is authorized.

c. Should the permittee need to dredge/plow during the growing season, a minimum 500-foot buffer between dredging or plowing areas and the edge of any SAV bed shall be maintained between April 15 and October 15 of any year unless a specific variance

is authorized. The appropriate buffer is 250 feet if the sediments are greater than 95 percent sand. Sequencing of dredging and plowing can be used to accommodate this buffer.

K. To the maximum extent practicable, avoid installing cables, dredging, or other construction activities in high and moderate densities of shellfish in Barnegat and Great Egg Harbor Bay and surrounding estuarine waters.

L. An inshore/estuarine shellfish and SAV-specific monitoring plan shall be developed to monitor potential construction-related (trenching/sedimentation) and operational impacts (heat, EMF) to SAV and shellfish in Barnegat Bay. At a minimum, monitoring shall be conducted within 5,000 ft. (2,500 ft. on both sides of cable centerline or 2,500 ft. of a unified centerline between both cables) of any area to be dredged/plowed/jettied. A before–after–gradient (BAG) survey design shall be employed for any monitoring. This monitoring can be included in Benthic Habitat or Fisheries Monitoring plans.

9. The permittee shall implement the stipulations in the document, entitled “MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT AMONG THE BUREAU OF OCEAN ENERGY MANAGEMENT, THE NEW JERSEY STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER, AND THE ADVISORY COUNCIL ON HISTORIC PRESERVATION REGARDING THE OCEAN WIND 1 OFFSHORE WIND FARM PROJECT”, which was fully executed on June 30, 2023.

10. The permittee shall ensure that all structures meet the marking and color requirements prescribed by the United States Coast Guard and Federal Aviation Administration.

11. The permittee shall be responsible for developing and submitting an anchoring plan specifically delineating areas of complex habitat around the submarine export cable and identifying areas restricted for anchoring within 3 nautical miles of the shoreline. Anchor chains shall be extended to reduce the frequency of raising and lowering; and include mid-line buoys to minimize impacts to benthic habitats from anchor sweep where feasible. The habitat maps and inshore maps delineating eelgrass habitat shall be provided to all construction and support vessels to ensure only necessary anchoring of vessels be done within or immediately adjacent to these complex habitats. The anchoring plan must be submitted to this office and National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS) 90 days prior to any work in Barnegat Bay and prior to wind turbine generator installation, allowing the Corps and NMFS 30 calendar days to review and comment. The permittee is responsible for addressing all comments if received before construction activities can commence. At a minimum, the anchoring plan to be developed shall include: 1) depictions of the lease and export cable areas that clearly identify areas, using GPS location coordinates, where large boulders and/or medium to high backscatter returns occur, and either: a) DPS, or b) mid-lines buoys are required for anchoring; 2) information describing the operations and number of vessels



that will be necessary to maintain vessel position using DPS or mid-line buoys within complex areas (i.e., large boulder and medium to high multibeam backscatter areas); and 3) for any complex habitat area that is identified for it to be infeasible to fully avoid anchoring within or using mid-line buoys, detailed information supporting the feasibility issues encountered, calculated impact areas of large boulders and/or medium to high multibeam backscatter area, and impact minimization measures to be used should be provided. A copy of the anchoring plan, with complex habitat coordinates, should be provided to all construction and support vessel operators.

12. Where feasible, use horizontal directional drilling in areas where the export cable crosses wetlands and do not stage equipment in wetlands. Additionally, use construction mats where work in wetlands is unavoidable.

13. A minimum of 45 days prior to commencing in-water work, the permittee/contractor shall request in writing, from the U.S. Coast Guard, that a Local Notice to Mariners be issued regarding the authorized construction work. This written request shall include the location of work, a description of the construction activities, the type of construction equipment to be used and expected duration of work in the waterway. The written request should be addressed to the following: Commander (dpw), Fifth Coast Guard District, Aids to Navigation Branch, Federal Building, 431 Crawford Street, Portsmouth, Virginia 23704-5004, FAX Number 757-398-6303 or email to [cgd5waterways@uscg.mil](mailto:cgd5waterways@uscg.mil).

14. Within 1 nautical mile of NJDEP artificial reef sites, the permittee shall achieve a minimum noise reduction of 15 decibels, applicable to all in-water project activities through either:

a. Implementing Protected Species Mitigation and Monitoring Plan, Pile Driving Monitoring Plan, Sound Field Verification Plan, and Passive Acoustic Monitoring Plan, and consistent application of noise mitigation systems, or;

b. Use of additional noise attenuation such as isolation casings during pile driving; in-situ monitoring of artificial reef sites using hydrophones to validate noise reduction, camera systems to monitor fish behavior in response to noise, as well as traps equipped with camera systems to monitor species occurrence and density; Monitoring data should be analyzed using statistically rigorous methods to evaluate the potential impacts of elevated underwater noise from pile installation and WTG and wind farm operation on artificial reefs.

15. The permittee shall provide, prior to or concurrent with project implementation, compensatory mitigation for unavoidable permanent impacts to special aquatic sites as defined at 40 CFR 230 or temporary impacts to the same that are not restored within 12 months. Temporary impacts should be restored at minimum to conditions existing before any project related disturbance, demonstrated through annual monitoring, except where resource specific restoration plans indicate otherwise, until the certifying authority

for water quality acknowledges satisfactory restoration. Compensatory mitigation will consist of:

- a. Confirmed purchase of 1.821 credits from federally approved mitigation banks, or;
- b. Approval of and adherence to a mitigation plan addressing all elements pursuant to 33 CFR 332.4, which shall be provided to this office and the NMFS.

16. The permittee shall notify the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration of the project completion and specifications so they may initiate the appropriate chart and Coast Pilot corrections. This must be submitted online at <https://nauticalcharts.noaa.gov/charts/docs/charts-updates/Permit-Public-Notice.pdf> along with a copy of the DA permit.

17. The permittee shall provide to this office bathymetric and terrestrial surveys of, at minimum, any cable alignment intersecting a Corps Civil Works project at least every 3 years or following any storm at the 100-year or greater intensity. If surveys indicate cable movement, the procedure in special condition 16 shall be repeated. Alternatively, the permittee shall contact the New Jersey Department of Transportation to determine compatible geotagging protocol and subsequently install passive geotags that mariners or beach nourishment contractors can use to avoid cable interactions. If surveys indicate cable movement, the procedure in special condition 16 shall be repeated.

18. Where cables are collocated with the New Jersey Intracoastal Waterway, the top of installed cable elevation shall be placed a minimum of six feet below authorized channel depth. Where necessary, coarse sand free of any contaminants should be placed over cables to match existing channel contours at the point of intersection. All cable installed in Barnegat Bay shall be installed beneath a minimum of four feet of bed material, including beneath the channel.

**Further Information:**

1. Congressional Authorities: You have been authorized to undertake the activity described above pursuant to:

- Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899 (33 U.S.C. 403).
- Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (33 U.S.C. 1344).
- Section 103 of the Marine Protection, Research and Sanctuaries Act.

2. Limits of this authorization.

a. This permit does not obviate the need to obtain other Federal, State, or local authorizations required by law.

b. This permit does not grant any property rights or exclusive privileges.

c. This permit does not authorize any injury to the property or rights of others.

d. This permit does not authorize interference with any existing or proposed Federal projects.

3. Limits of Federal Liability. In issuing this permit, the Federal Government does not assume any liability for the following:

a. Damages to the permitted project or uses thereof as a result of other permitted or unpermitted activities or from natural causes.

b. Damages to the permitted project or uses thereof as a result of current or future activities undertaken by or on behalf of the United States in the public interest.

c. Damages to persons, property, or to other permitted or unpermitted activities or structures caused by the activity authorized by this permit.

d. Design or construction deficiencies associated with the permitted work.

e. Damage claims associated with any future modification, suspension, or revocation of this permit.

4. Reliance on Applicant's Data. The determination of this office that issuance of this permit is not contrary to the public interest was made in reliance on the information you provided.

5. Reevaluation of Permit Decision. This office may reevaluate its decision on this permit at any time the circumstances warrant. Circumstances that could require a reevaluation include, but are not limited to, the following:

a. You fail to comply with the terms and conditions of this permit.

b. The information provided by you in support of your permit application proves to have been false, incomplete, or inaccurate (see 4 above).

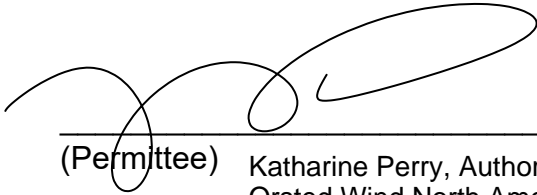
c. Significant new information surfaces which this office did not consider in reaching the original public interest decision.

Such a reevaluation may result in a determination that it is appropriate to use the suspension, modification, and revocation procedures contained in 33 CFR 325.7 or

enforcement procedures such as those contained in 33 CFR 326.4 and 326.5. The referenced enforcement procedures provide for the issuance of an administrative order requiring you to comply with the terms and conditions of your permit and for the initiation of legal action where appropriate. You will be required to pay for any corrective measures ordered by this office, and if you fail to comply with such directive, this office may in certain situations (such as those specified in 33 CFR 209.170) accomplish the corrective measures by contract or otherwise and bill you for the cost.

6. Extensions. General Condition 1 establishes a time limit for the completion of the activity authorized by this permit. Unless there are circumstances requiring either a prompt completion of the authorized activity or a reevaluation of the public interest decision, the Corps will normally give favorable consideration to a request for an extension of this time limit.

Your signature below, as permittee, indicates that you accept and agree to comply with the terms and conditions of this permit.



October 6, 2023

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Permittee) Katharine Perry, Authorized Person, (Date)  
Orsted Wind North America, LLC

This permit becomes effective when the Federal official, designated to act for the Secretary of the Army, has signed below.

\_\_\_\_\_  
(District Engineer) (Date)  
Jeffrey M. Beeman, P.E.  
Lieutenant Colonel, Corps of Engineers  
District Commander

When the structures or work authorized by this permit are still in existence at the time the property is transferred, the terms and conditions of this permit will continue to be binding on the new owner(s) of the property. To validate the transfer of this permit and the associated liabilities associated with compliance with its terms and conditions, have the transferee sign and date below.

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Transferee) (Date)